

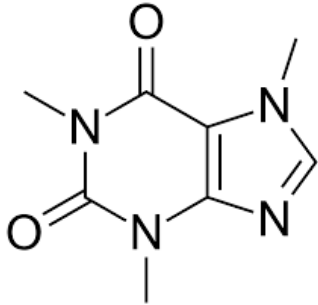
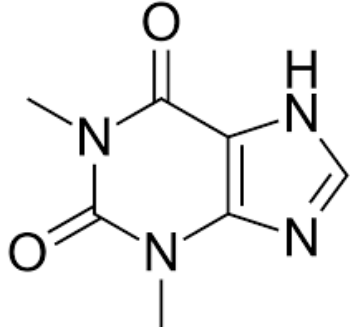
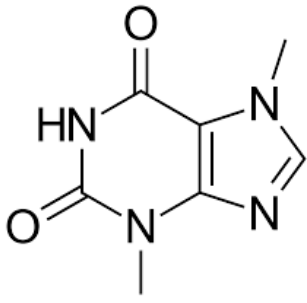
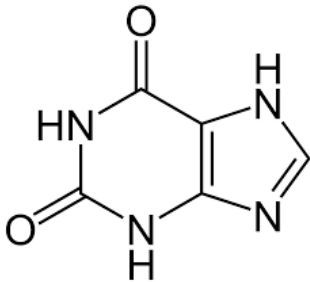
SARASWATHI VIDYA BHAVAN'S COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

FINAL YEAR B.PHARM : SEM VII CBSGS SYSTEM

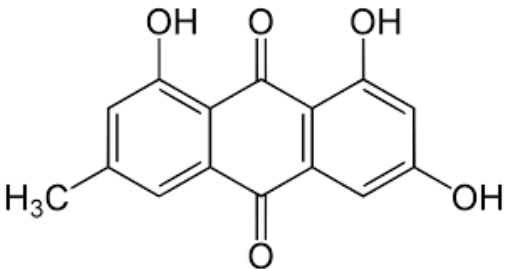
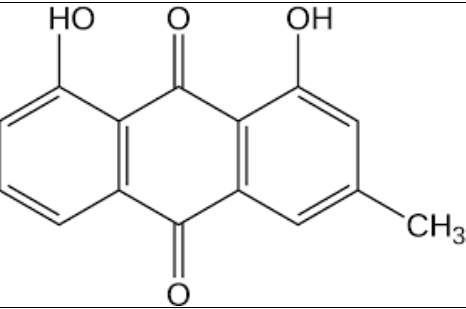
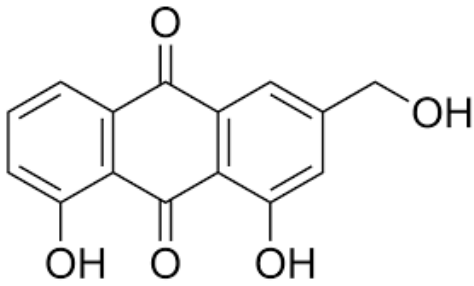
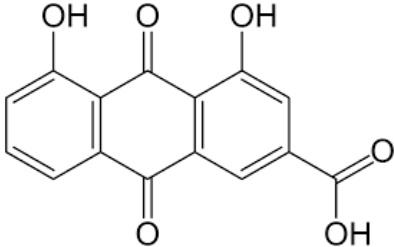
Sub: Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry-II

DATE : 16/09/2020

Q.1.	Which one of the following oil has cathartic property
a	Sunflower oil
b	Arachis oil
c	Ricebran oil
d	Castor oil
Q.2.	Inulin is a constituent of
a	Alfa alfa
b	Chamomile
c	Henna
d	Apricot
Q.3.	Spirulina is obtained from
a	algae
b	fungus
c	plants
d	bacteria
Q.4.	Commercial source of tannic acid is
a	Nut galls
b	Harda
c	Pomegranate
d	Pale catechu
Q.5.	The biological source of an alkaloid drug having quinoline nucleus
a	<i>Cinchona calisaya</i>
b	<i>Pilocarpus jaborandi</i>
c	<i>Ephedra sinica</i>
d	<i>Vinca rosea</i>
Q.6.	An alkaloidal constituent which gives positive Murexide reaction
a	Atropine
b	Quinine
c	Caffeine
d	Conessine
Q.7.	The Test used to differentiate between true and pseudo tannins are
a	Phenazone test
b	Match stick test
c	Goldbeater test
d	Gelatin test

Q.8.	Which of the following structure is of caffeine
a	
b	
c	
d	
Q.9.	Triphala churna contains
a	Terminalia arjuna
b	Uncaria gambier
c	Terminalia chebula
d	Acacia catechu
Q.10.	An example of a crude drug classified as truealkaloid is
a	Kurchi
b	vinca
c	Colchicum
d	Ephedra
Q.11.	An example of naphthaquinone ring is
a	Senna
b	Chitrak
c	Rhubarb

d	Vidang
Q.12.	The biological source of amla is
a	<i>P. armeniaca</i>
b	<i>Gingko biloba</i>
c	<i>Gymnema sylvestre</i>
d	<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i>
Q.13.	<i>Reserpine contains the heterocyclic ring</i>
a	<i>Quinoline</i>
b	<i>Quinazoline</i>
c	<i>Indole</i>
d	<i>Imidazole</i>
Q.14.	<i>The crude drug which gives bortrager`s test is</i>
a	<i>Mustard</i>
b	<i>Linseed</i>
c	<i>Rhubarb</i>
d	<i>Almond</i>
Q.15	<i>One of the diagnostic microscopical character unicellular warty trichome is present in</i>
a	<i>Vinca</i>
b	<i>Datura</i>
c	<i>Senna</i>
d	<i>Digitalis</i>
Q.16	<i>Phenyl alanine is used in the synthesis of</i>
a	<i>Atropine</i>
b	<i>Ephedrine</i>
c	<i>Reserpine</i>
d	<i>piperine</i>
Q.17	<i>The biological source of Indian senna is</i>
a	<i>Cassia acutifolia</i>
b	<i>Cassia tora</i>
c	<i>Cassia fistula</i>
d	<i>Cassia angustifolia</i>
Q.18.	One of the following is the structure of aloe emodin

a	
b	
c	
d	
Q.19. <i>Shinoda` s test is given by</i>	
a	<i>Flavonoid glycosides</i>
b	<i>Cyanogenic glycosides</i>
c	<i>Isothiocyanate glycosides</i>
d	<i>Anthraquinone glycosides</i>

Q.20.	An pesticide whose mechanism of action is by contact poison is
a	Cochineal
b	Neem

c	Pyrethrum
d	Tobacco
Q.21.	Rhubarb belongs to the family
a	Rubiaceae
b	Polygonaceae
c	Apiaceae
d	Araliaceae
Q.22.	The water soluble alkaloid present in Ergot is
a	<i>Ergotamine</i>
b	<i>Ergometrine</i>
c	<i>Ergosine</i>
d	<i>Ergocristine</i>
Q.23.	<i>Lawsonia</i> is a colouring principle present in
a	<i>Alkanna</i>
b	<i>Plumbago</i>
c	<i>Henna</i>
d	<i>Vidang</i>
Q.24.	The nutraceutical drug hydrocotyl is used for its property
a	Antidiabetic
b	Antihypertensive
c	Memory tonic
d	Wound healing
Q.25	The crude drug <i>Holarrhena antidysentrica</i> belongs to the family
a	Rubiaceae
b	Acanthaceae
c	Fabaceae
d	Apocynaceae
Q.26	<i>Opium</i> contains the phenolic constituent
a	Codeine
b	Papaverine
c	Morphine
d	Emetine
Q.27	The constituent Berberine belongs to
a	Tropane alkaloids
b	Purine alkaloids
c	Indole alkaloids
d	Isoquinoline alkaloids
Q.28.	A phytoconstituent which is used to increase the bioavailability of drugs is
a	Pilocarpine
b	piperine
c	Quinine
d	Vasicine

Q.29.	Camellia sinensis is the biological source of
a	Coffee
b	Cinchona
c	Tea
d	Kola
Q30.	Scopalamine is called as
a	<i>Atropine</i>
b	<i>hyoscyamine</i>
c	<i>hyoscine</i>
d	<i>Daturine</i>